



# THE COLLEGE CONNECTION NEWSLETTER

FOR HIGH SCHOOL JUNIORS & SENIORS

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## A FEW REMINDERS AS COLLEGE DECISIONS COME OUT

*(hscw-counselorscorner.blogspot.com)*

**It's a college decision, not a character indictment** It's always easy for someone else to tell you not to take a college decision personally—after all, this isn't about them. But the truth is, ninety percent of the students who apply to a college could do great work there; it's just that these colleges run out of room before they run out of great students. If they said no, that's their loss, not yours, because...

**Every college you applied to is a first choice** You may have ended up liking one college more than the others you applied to, but that doesn't make the others a second choice. You did your research, liked what you saw, and know you can do great things at all of them. As long as some of them said yes, you have the privilege—the privilege—of choosing among great options.

**You can keep looking** More than a few students get to April and feel the need to start over.

The National Association for College Counseling has a College Opening Update will be up soon—most likely early May—so you can see what colleges are still officially taking students. If you can't wait that long, call the college and ask.

## MASSIVE ADMISSIONS SCANDAL

*(insidehighered.com)*

What many are calling the worst admissions scandal in higher education, with federal authorities announcing 50 indictments in a scheme that allegedly involved faux athletes, coaches who could be bribed, cheating on the SAT and ACT, million-dollar bribes and "guarantees" that certain applicants would be admitted to highly competitive colleges.

Several coaches had lost their jobs and some politicians were calling for investigations of college admissions. Meanwhile a broader debate has been renewed about the many advantages that wealthy families have -- advantages that are legal. And advocates for black and Latino students were quick to note that just as a lawsuit against Harvard University could endanger many colleges' affirmative action plans, fresh evidence has arrived that college admissions is far from a meritocracy.

The indictments include charges of conspiracies related to racketeering, wire fraud and more. In some cases, coaches were bribed to place on their lists of recruited athletes the names of non-athletes whose parents allegedly paid bribes. In other cases, authorities say that parents arranged for their students to cheat on the SAT or ACT, in part with the help of bribed proctors.

The institutions involved include Georgetown, Stanford, Wake Forest and Yale Universities, the University of Southern California, and the University of Texas at Austin.

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## WHITE HOUSE LOOKS TO CURB STUDENT LENDING

*(insidehighered.com)*

The White House endorsed adding new lending caps for graduate and parent borrowers and giving campus aid administrators the authority to require loan counseling for student borrowers, among a slate of priorities for reauthorizing the Higher Education Act.

The White House argues that too many colleges don't provide the type of education that allows students to pay back their loans. It argued for a federal accountability system where institutions would share more of the risk for outcomes on student loans. But Trump

*(continued on page 3)*

*Massive Admissions Scandal  
(continued from page 1)*

The university statements did not focus on any possible actions against students admitted through the frauds alleged in the indictments. While the information provided by authorities said that some students may not have known, it may seem hard to believe some of the activities were not apparent to some of the beneficiaries of the scheme. Some students may not have enrolled at the colleges their parents allegedly tried to scheme against.

David Hawkins, executive director for educational content and policy at the National Association for College Admission Counseling, said via email, "Ultimately, each institution will have to follow their own protocols. In cases where students were unaware of or not involved in the activities in question, it's likely that the institutions' administrations will want to reach out to the student to brief them on their status at the university, and offer supports or other accommodations that are necessary to ensure that they are able to focus on their studies. Given that this is such a public and high-profile scandal, the institutions may also engage in campus-wide communication to ensure that the student body understands the institution's response to the incident."

**2 MAJOR COLLEGE TOUR MISTAKES TO AVOID**

(usnews.com)

Here are two mistakes you should avoid making, based on advice from two current college students who have been in your shoes

**Failing to choose in-depth experiences.** The fall months – September through early December – can be extremely busy for high school juniors and seniors. In light of this scheduling load, it might make sense to zip through college tours. Madeline Dyke, a sophomore at Williams College, urges students to do the opposite.

Dyke says that this can include staying in a dorm overnight and sitting in on several classes. While a single professor "can't be taken to represent the entire faculty," attending one or more class sessions, with permission, can inform your understanding of teaching styles at the college or university. Similarly, an "overnight visit will give students a good idea of the campus culture and social life," she says.

If these options are not initially made available to you, remember: There is no harm in asking. A "yes" from the admissions office or from the professor in question could transform your eventual college decision.

**Thinking in the short term.** This mistake applies to both the college tour itself and your mentality when visiting colleges and universities. Alexis Miller, a junior at Indiana University—Bloomington, toured four schools in the fall, including her current collegiate home. She says that it is critical for current high school students to assess colleges with an eye toward the long term.

For example, it may be tempting to select the university that houses freshmen in new dorm rooms with semi-private bathrooms. However, will this ultimately be more valuable than a strong program in your major of interest or access to robust internship offerings?

Before you embark on your first college tour, carefully weigh what resources are most important to your academic and career goals. Then, primarily focus on these during campus visits.

Miller also observed that this long-term thinking can be achieved on a smaller, tour-specific scale with one simple step: "Ask your tour guide for their contact information so you can ask questions later, when you've had a chance to take a step back and process your experience," she says.

**25%  
of parents**  
say that they would pay college officials to secure their child a place at a good school.  
Source: [YouGov.com](http://YouGov.com)

**10 KEY PLACES TO SEE ON COLLEGE TOURS**

- Facilities associated with your desired major
- Buildings and outdoor spaces where students pursue hobbies
- A student union or student center
- A college dining hall where you can taste test the campus food
- Religious /cultural institutions
- The career center
- Fraternity and sorority houses
- The neighborhood, town or city surrounding the college campus
- Bulletin boards scattered throughout the college campus
- Lecture halls and classrooms

### *White House Looks to Curb Student Lending* (continued from page 1)

administration officials deferred on the details, saying they wanted to work with Congress.

The White House proposals also called for limiting loan debt directly by adding new caps on the Parent and Grad PLUS programs, which currently allow borrowers to take out unlimited amounts of debt. The proposed lending caps reflect a similar proposal in the PROSPER Act, a 2017 House Republican plan to overhaul the HEA. PROSPER called for annual limits of \$28,500 for graduate students and \$12,500 for parent borrowers. The Trump administration document offered no specific numbers.

Suzanne Ortega, president of the Council of Graduate Schools, argued that capping graduate lending would disenfranchise low-income and minority students who need loans to pursue further post-secondary education beyond a bachelor's degree.

The White House also backs consolidating several existing income-driven repayment plans, instead offering one plan that would cap payments at 12.5 percent of a borrower's discretionary income. It would also offer loan forgiveness to all undergraduate borrowers after 15 years of payments. And it wants Congress to allow data sharing on tax information between the Department of Treasury and the Education Department to simplify applications for student aid and repayment of federal student loans.

**There are 44.7 million Americans with student loan debt.**

Source: [Student Loan Hero](#)

## SCHOLARSHIPS

### THE AMERICAN LEGION LEGACY SCHOLARSHIP

Need-based scholarships for eligible children of veterans. Provides up to \$20,000 in aid for undergraduate or post graduate college. Deadline: Apr. 20, 2019 [Apply here](#)

### REGION 18 OF THE ASSOCIATION OF CALIFORNIA SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS

(San Diego and Imperial Counties) and the San Diego County School Boards Association offer five \$1,000 scholarships. Applicants are involved in community service and want to pursue a career in education. Deadline: Apr. 15, 2019 [Apply here](#)

### 2019 STUDENT-VIEW SCHOLARSHIP

Open to high school seniors regardless of academic achievement or financial need. Awards one individual prize of \$4,000; Two individual prizes of \$1,000; Ten individual prizes of \$500. Simply complete a 15-25 minute online survey about local colleges. You will then be automatically entered into a random drawing for a scholarship award. Deadline: Apr. 22, 2019 [Apply here](#)

### NATIONAL DAIRY SHRINE SCHOLARSHIPS

Offers several scholarships to students who are interested in pursuing careers in agricultural communications, agricultural economics, agricultural education, animal science, dairy or production agriculture and science, food and nutrition. Deadline: Apr. 15, 2018 [Apply here](#)

### MARINE TECHNOLOGY SOCIETY SCHOLARSHIPS

The MTS \$2,000 Student Scholarship for Graduating High School Seniors is open to MTS student members (available for \$25) that are high school seniors. Applicant must be planning to focus on marine technology, marine engineering or marine science. Requires a 500 word essay on interest and plans for marine technology. Deadline: Apr. 18, 2019 [Apply here](#)

### WORLDSTUDIO AIGA SCHOLARSHIPS

Scholarships are awarded in the amount of \$500-\$5000. Open to economically disadvantaged young people. Though not a requirement, minority status is a factor considered in jury decisions. Must be pursuing a degree in one of the design/arts disciplines listed on the website. Requires online uploaded digital images of at least 10 examples of work and a mailed hard copy of the pdf application. Deadline: Received by Apr. 24, 2019 [Apply here](#)

### THE EVALEE C. SCHWARZ CHARITABLE TRUST LOANS

Interest-free Loan Awards of \$5,000 to \$15,000, with a \$60,000 lifetime cap are available to undergraduate students who demonstrate exceptional academic performance and financial need. Test scores must be in the top 15% nationwide. You must have an Expected Family Contribution (EFC) of \$4,000 or less and attend school in the state in which you reside. Deadline Apr. 10, 2019 [Apply here](#)

## WHAT TO DO WHEN YOUR FIRST-CHOICE COLLEGE DOESN'T WORK OUT

(teenlife.com)

The college admissions offers have all arrived but, sadly, your student's dream school was a no. Or perhaps, the first-choice school came through, but the financial aid didn't. It looks like it's time to re-evaluate the colleges lower down on their application list.

**1. Attending a college you can't afford is a bad financial start.** Attending a school that offers more financial aid -- even if it was the second (or even third or fourth) choice -- can give your student more financial flexibility to follow their career dreams.

**2. You can now take a deeper look.** Your student has the luxury of knowing they have been accepted. A chance to make a calmer assessment might help your student discover a better fit.

**3. Another look could unearth a hidden gem.** Now is the time to remember that those schools made the list for a reason. So take a closer look at those that have offered admission. Compare offers, visit their campuses again, talk to current students and be open to discovery.

**4. These colleges want your student** There are colleges that actually want your student to attend—the college has offered them admission and maybe even wants them so badly that they offered generous financial aid awards that mean free money. All these incentives are offered because they see your student as a valuable asset to their college community.

**5. Your student could fall in love.** My daughter's dream college offered her admission but did not offer any financial aid. No financial aid was a deal-breaker for us; she knew she would have to take a closer look at the colleges further down her list. To her surprise she fell in love with another college and never regretted not attending her dream college. Her experience isn't uncommon.

## SENIOR CHECKLIST

- Apply for scholarships
- Save money from part-time jobs
- Keep your eye open for mail or email from college admissions
- Keep your grades up - second semester grades matter
- Review financial packages
- Tour campuses as admitted student
- Talk to current students at your top schools
- May 1st is the date to submit your acceptance (You can only commit to 1 school)
- Remember to decline your other acceptances; there are others who are on the waitlist at those schools

## HOW TO GET OFF OF A COLLEGE WAITLIST

(cbsnews.com)

First, be sure to **accept your spot on the waitlist.**

After that, think about how to best approach the school you were wait-listed to. The school most likely gave you directions on what next steps are. A generic letter will say something like, "If we have a space that opens up we will let you know by X date." If a school says not to send them any additional letters of continued interest or recommendations, follow their advice. Most students will say they have something to say and give them an extra letter, but don't do it.

Most schools don't say that, however, and they do allow you to **write a letter of continued interest.** It's important to address it to the regional admissions officer. Don't direct it to the office of undergraduate admissions in general or to the dean of the college. Write a personal and customized letter for that person identifying the value you would add to the campus community if you were to get off the waitlist. Don't use a generic letter and send it to two or three different schools where you are wait-listed.

**What should you say in a letter of continued interest?** Don't summarize everything you already told them in your initial application, or list every award or accomplishment. They want to know why this school is going to be the best fit for you. They don't want students who are well-rounded, they want to see a singular focus from a student, or a singular talent that they can bring to the campus community so they can form a well-rounded class.

## ADVANTAGES FOR LEGACIES AND THE WEALTHY AT BROWN

*(insidehighered.com)*

The Brown Daily Herald reported, and the university and some faculty members confirmed, that **Brown University's** fundraising office sets up meetings with faculty members for applicants who are either legacies or are related to wealthy individuals or others in touch with fundraisers. In some cases, the faculty members have been encouraged to write letters to the admissions office about their (positive) impressions of the applicants.

Darrell M. West, a scholar at the Brookings Institution and formerly a faculty member at Brown, wrote an essay about the advantages he saw for well-connected applicants at Brown. "When I taught at Brown, I periodically was asked to meet with children of the rich and famous who were seeking admission to the university," West said in an email to Inside Higher Ed. "I did so and wrote letters to the admissions office giving my impressions of the applicant. The university claims there was no pressure to admit well-connected individuals, but it was clear to me Brown thrived on its reputation as a 'hot Ivy' that had lots of prominent students there. Looking back on these experiences, I can see that wealthy students had admissions advantages over the average applicant because the latter were not getting one-on-one meetings with faculty members or special consideration by the admissions office."

Brown alumni also have (and will have until this summer) another form of help. The Alumni College Advising Program provides free college counseling -- from counselors with extensive experience in admissions -- to the children of Brown alumni, faculty members and other employees. Each eligible child gets three hours of counseling and is under no obligation to use that counseling to prepare to apply to Brown.

Brian Clark, a spokesman for Brown, said via email that the programs were undergoing some changes. He said that the alumni advising program would end on July 1. "As of July 1, the Office of College Admission at Brown will assume the role of offering all college advising services to interested families looking for guidance on the college admission process."

## DILEMMA FOR METHODIST COLLEGES

*(insidehighered.com)*

When delegates to the General Conference of the United Methodist Church voted to strengthen the church's prohibitions on performing same-sex marriages and ordaining gay and lesbian clergy, it was over the opposition of Methodist colleges and universities in the U.S.

The presidents of a group of 93 colleges and universities affiliated with the United Methodist Church issued a joint statement prior to the vote calling on church leaders to amend "their policies and practices to affirm full inclusion in the life and ministry of the United Methodist Church of all persons regardless of their race, ethnicity, creed, national origin, gender, gender identity/ expression or sexual orientation." The statement was unanimously adopted by all member presidents present at a January meeting of the National Association of Schools and Colleges of the United Methodist Church.

In the wake of the vote, the leaders of most of the theological schools have issued public statements affirming their own institutions' commitments to diversity, inclusion and nondiscrimination and in many cases expressing disagreement or distress with the vote outcome.

The **University of Mississippi** is seeking to move from the center of campus a Confederate statue that has been controversial for decades. Larry D. Sparks, the interim chancellor, sent an email to the campus in which he noted that the Associated Student Body, Graduate Student Council, Faculty Senate and Staff Council had all voted this year to urge the statue to be moved. Sparks indicated he agreed, and that the university would try to do so. He also indicated that various approvals still must be received. "The university has submitted a notice of intent to the Department of Archives and History. The process to secure the necessary approvals for this relocation will require some time," he wrote. "We will work diligently toward this goal by respecting and abiding by state rules, regulations and policies that govern the process of relocation, and by continuing to provide updates to the university community as the process moves forward."

## COLLEGE NEWS

**California State University** has settled a lawsuit with two Jewish students, agreeing to publish a statement that Zionism is an important part of Jewish identity. Two **San Francisco State University** students had sued the institution, alleging the university and its Board of Trustees discriminated against them. They said that officials did not let the campus Hillel chapter participate in an event called "Know Your Rights," designed to gather groups to talk about a hostile political climate.

Senator Kamala Harris, a California Democrat and 2020 presidential contender, said that she would include new funding for historically black colleges as part of a plan to boost the salaries of American teachers by an average of \$13,500. The proposal did not specify how much funding would go toward those colleges. The total cost of the teacher pay plan would be roughly \$315 billion over 10 years.

A federal appeals court will not toss out a lawsuit by two **Kansas State University** students who alleged that administrators refused to investigate their rapes and other reports of sexual assault in off-campus fraternity houses. The two women gathered enough evidence to potentially support a claim that Kansas State was "deliberately indifferent" after they reported their rapes to the university, the appeals court ruled. They alleged that the university violated the federal gender anti-discrimination law, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, by not properly investigating their rapes, which in turn caused them to be vulnerable to further harassment and lose educational opportunities. Though the appeals court agreed with the lower court to not dismiss the case outright, the ruling does not affect the ultimate outcome of the lawsuit.

Faculty members and students at the **University of Texas at El Paso** are raising concerns about the sole finalist chosen to be their next president, saying both the candidate and the process deserve more scrutiny.

At an institution where 80 percent of students are Latino and another 4 percent are Mexican nationals, the University of Texas System Board of Regents' choice of Heather Wilson -- a white Republican former congresswoman and Trump-appointed U.S. Air Force secretary -- is generating resistance.

Wilson's nomination as UTEP's next president could be approved as early as March 29. In the meantime, her first appearance on campus last week generated student protests, and a Change.org petition that asks the regents to remove Wilson as finalist has garnered more than 9,000 signatures.

**Duke University** announced that it has agreed to pay \$112 million to the U.S. government to resolve a lawsuit over research misconduct. The misconduct involves false and fabricated data produced by a research technician, since fired, but used in numerous studies. Duke has retracted various studies based on the false information and has instituted new procedures to prevent similar fraud.

The **Massachusetts Institute of Technology** is exploring how to more openly share its publications, data, software and educational materials with the public. MIT's Ad Hoc Task Force on Open Access, which began work 18 months ago, published a series of recommendations for the institution to strengthen its open-access policies. These include broadening the existing MIT Faculty Open Access Policy to cover student publications.

## JPMORGAN'S BIG-DOLLAR BET ON COMMUNITY COLLEGES

*(insidehighered.com)*

JPMorgan Chase and Co. has become one of the nation's biggest funders of career training programs offered by community colleges. The global financial services firm announced \$350 million over five years for postsecondary education and training in high-demand fields such as information technology, health care and advanced manufacturing. The money follows a similarly targeted \$250 million over the last five years, bringing the company's investment in career education to \$600 million.

The new grant includes \$3.2 million for the Aspen Institute College Excellence Program's expanding efforts to bulk up the pipeline for presidents in the two-year-college sector. The impetus for the more than half-billion dollars in grants, said Jamie Dimon, JPMorgan's chairman and CEO, is that too many people are stuck in low-skill jobs with no future while too many businesses cannot find enough skilled workers.

## JUNIOR CHECKLIST

- Set up college campus tours for Spring Break
- [Register for the May 4 SAT test and subject tests](#)  
Deadline to register is Apr. 5
- [Register for the June 8 ACT test.](#) Deadline to register is May 3.
- Attend college fairs in your area
- Narrow down your potential college list
- AP test dates are May 6-17. Check with your school coordinator for location.

## TWO TIPS FOR SELECTING HIGH SCHOOL ELECTIVES

(usnews.com)

**Select high school electives that will help you develop college-level academic skills.** Danica Todorovic, a current freshman at North Park University in Chicago, Illinois, selected AP and IB courses in subjects like history as her high school electives. These college-level electives were attractive to Todorovic because they enabled her to refine skills that are crucial to success in college classes. Todorovic wrote in an email that they “certainly prepared me for all the studying and reading and notetaking I have now.”

**Select high school electives that will allow you to build confidence in your potential major.** Caitlin Grove, a 2016 graduate of Southern Illinois University—Edwardsville took a slightly different approach to choosing electives. While in high school, she enrolled in computer and U.S. government electives. These courses were useful to Grove “because they directly aligned with my college goals.” Her U.S. government elective allowed her to expand her knowledge base, while her computer electives equipped her with confidence.

“Choose high school electives that support your interests and give you a little extra confidence once you begin taking college classes.” For Grove, this was curriculum centered around Adobe InDesign and Adobe Photoshop. “It was very beneficial to have existing knowledge of these programs and to be able to confidently tackle class assignments.”

Your high school schedule should prioritize electives that will position you for success in higher education. This may mean first evaluating the list of electives available at your school, and then pursuing those that will help you build your academic skills and major-related confidence. Come your first semester in college, you will be very glad you did.



## THE BEST COLLEGES BASED ON SALARY POTENTIAL

PayScale's College Salary

Report helps you research colleges, [majors](#) and [careers](#) based on how much salary you could earn by the time you reach mid-career if you attend a specific college. We call this salary potential, and we use it to calculate our rankings which come from the alumni salary data of 3.2 million respondents representing over four thousand universities across the U.S., including the addition of 205 universities that are brand new to the report.

## GEORGIA TEEN WAS ACCEPTED TO OVER 50 COLLEGES, AWARDED MORE THAN \$1 MILLION IN SCHOLARSHIPS

(abcnews.go.com)

Jakelia Baker, 17 is the valedictorian of her 2019 class at Lucy C. Laney High School in Augusta, Georgia, and currently has a 4.1 GPA. In addition to her academic transcript, Baker participates in a cornucopia of extracurricular activities, saying she does "volleyball, basketball, golf, tennis, soccer, also in the marching band, math team, student council, National Honor Society and Academic Decathlon."

When asked how she was able to juggle so many activities and maintain her grades, the teen admitted she "gave up" on her social life, saying "I had to miss out on parties and stuff."

Baker said she applied to around 65 schools and was able to in part because she reached out and was eligible for application fee exemptions or waivers. Her advice for high schoolers applying to college is to never give up.

"The process will be hard, but keep pushing and you will reach your goals," she said.

## 12 COMMUNITY SERVICE SCHOLARSHIPS FOR STUDENTS WHO GIVE BACK

([blog.collegevine.com](http://blog.collegevine.com))

Colleges don't require community service, but it can be a valuable addition to your extracurricular activities.

[Americorps Vista](#) Americorps offers the Segal Education Award, a roughly \$6,000 value, for education expenses upon the completion of a 10–11-month period of service. Alternatively, you may receive a \$1,800 cash stipend upon your service completion. The program also pays for living expenses during this period.

[AXA Achievement Community Scholarships](#) One student from each state, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico will receive scholarships of \$2,500, \$10,000 or \$25,000. Students must demonstrate achievement in work-, school-, and community-related activities.

[Bonner Scholars](#) The Cornelia and Bertram F. Bonner Foundation awards \$4,000 scholarships to up to 1,500 students. In order to qualify, students must complete 10 hours of community service per week and participate in the foundation's summer community service internship.

[Christopher Reeve Award](#) The Heart of America recognizes one student per year with the Christopher Reeve Award. The \$1,000 scholarship is awarded to a student who displays compassion in caring in her community.

[The Coca-Cola Scholars Program](#) This program recognizes 150 students for leading, serving, and making an impact on their schools and communities. The awards are \$20,000 each.

[Comcast Leaders and Achievers Scholarship Program](#) One student per high school may be nominated by a principal or guidance counselor to receive a scholarship totaling \$1,000. Recipients must demonstrate a commitment to community service, academics, and leadership.

[Do Something Easy Scholarships](#) For a chance at winning scholarships of different amounts, many totaling thousands of dollars, students take part in Do Something volunteer campaigns and demonstrate their participation through photos. Students may participate in multiple campaigns to earn more scholarship money.

[GE-Reagan Foundation Scholarship](#) The GE-Reagan Foundation recognizes students who demonstrate exemplary leadership, drive, integrity, and citizenship with this \$10,000 award. The scholarship is renewable for each year of college.

[Gloria Barron Prize for Young Heroes](#) "Young heroes" who undertake community service projects are eligible to receive \$10,000 scholarships.

[Great Value Colleges Community Service Scholarship](#) Students who have shown passion for community service and enhanced their education through service may enter to win this \$1,500 scholarship.

[National Caring Award](#) Sponsored by the Caring Institute, this award recognizes five young adults who exhibit significant volunteer community service and commitment. The scholarships amount to \$2,000 each.

[The Prudential Spirit of Community Awards](#) These awards honor middle- and high-school students for outstanding service to others at the local, state, and national level. State honorees receive \$1,000 scholarships, and national honorees receive an additional \$5,000 each and a \$5,000 grant to the charity of their choice. Local honorees are also recognized with a certificate.

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## PARENTS: HERE'S HOW YOUR STUDENT COULD VISIT COLLEGE FOR FREE

([blog.collegevine.com](http://blog.collegevine.com))

Visiting colleges is undoubtedly a very important part of selecting the college that's right for your student. Many families aren't aware, though, that some colleges offer free college visits to qualifying students.

Different colleges frame these programs in different ways. Some provide travel reimbursement, others provide grants for specific travel-related costs, and

still more sponsor scholarships for college visits.

We recommend that your student contacts the colleges he or she is most interested in visiting to learn more about sponsored visits, if you suspect he or she may qualify for one. This can be done through an email to the admissions office, requesting information about any travel grants or sponsored campus visit programs.